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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/849,044 05/04/2001 Dusan Pavcnik PA-5252-RFB 9073 10/19/2004 EXAMINER Richard J. Godlewski STEWART, ALVIN J Patent Attorney PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT P.O. Box 2269 Bloomington, IN 47402-2269 3738

DATE MAILED: 10/19/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/849,044	PAVCNIK ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Alvin J Stewart	·3738	
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	;
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Faill Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing period patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a rep ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH e, cause the application to become ABAI	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status				
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 J	une 2004.		
• • • •		s action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matter	rs, prosecution as to the mer	its is
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-9</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrated claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1, 3-9</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		:
Applicat	tion Papers			
. 10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 July 2002</u> is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The specification is objected to be specification in the specification is objected to be specification in the specification is objected to be specification.	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected or	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Apprity documents have been re au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stag	e
Attachmer		_		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date	
3) Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-946) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date		ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	1

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babbs et

al WO 98/25544.

Babbs et al discloses a stent graft comprising a stent (10) covered by a SIS sleeve (12).

The stent has a proximal end and a distal end. The sleeve has a length about twice the length of

the stent (see Fig. 2 and page 12, the last paragraph). The sleeve has a first portion within the

inside surface of the stent and a second portion that is folded back over the proximal and distal

end of the stent. The second portion extends from the proximal end to the distal end, along an

outside surface of the stent (see Fig. 2). However, Babbs et al does not disclose that the first and

second portions are secured to at least the distal end of the stent.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design

choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to secure the first and the second portions to the

distal end of the stent because Applicant has not disclosed that the new limitations provide an

advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solve a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in

the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with the

leading and trailing end of the graft secured at the middle of the stent because no matter how the

leading and trailing ends of the graft is secured, the final purpose of the implant is the same (biocompatibility).

Therefore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify Babbs reference to obtain the invention as specified in claims 1 and 7-9.

Claims 3-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Babbs et al WO 98/25544 in view of Douglas US Patent 6,090,128.

Babbs discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, Babbs does not disclose a plurality of stents connected to each other.

Douglas teaches a plurality of stents connected to each other for the purpose of completely supporting the stent to the vessel wall (see col. 7, lines 56-58). Additionally, Douglas discloses stents having a frame comprising eyelets at the proximal and distal ends wherein the stents are connected to each other by biocompatible filaments.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to increase the number of stents in order to give completely support to the treatment area of the blood vessel.

Claims 1, 3-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gregory US Patent 5,990,379 in view of Douglas US Patent 6,090,128.

Gregory discloses a stent graft comprising a stent (20) covered by an extracellular matrix layer (16). The stent has a proximal end and a distal end. The sleeve has a length about twice the length of the stent (see Figs. 8-10). The sleeve has a first portion within the inside surface of the stent and a second portion that is folded back over the proximal and distal end of the stent. The second portion extends from the proximal end to the distal end, along an outside surface of

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the stent (see Figs. 8-10 and col. 14, lines 31-36). However, Gregory does not disclose that the first and second portions are secured to at least the distal end of the stent and does not disclose a stent frame that has eyelets at the proximal and distal ends and a biocompatible filament that extends through the eyelets.

Douglas teaches a plurality of stents connected to each other for the purpose of completely supporting the stent to the vessel wall (see col. 7, lines 56-58). Additionally, Douglas discloses stents having a frame comprising eyelets at the proximal and distal ends wherein the stents are connected to each other by biocompatible filaments.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to increase the number of stents in order to give completely support to the treatment area of the blood vessel, as discloses by the Douglas reference.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed June 04, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding the Babbs reference (mid-point connection), the Examiner does not agree with the Applicant's point of view. Nowhere in the Babbs reference discloses that the additional thickness of the stent graft will prevent the regular flow of the blood through the body. In contrast, the inner surface of any stent graft will permit the flow of blood therethrough without any problem. Figures 2 and 3b clearly show that the inner surface of the stent graft will permit the flow of blood without any problem.

Regarding the advantage of the Applicant's invention stating that the sleeve is folded back over a proximal end and distal end of the at least one stent, the Examiner still believes that the Applicant's representative has not disclose in the specification the importance of having the second portion of the sleeve folded back over a proximal end of the at least one stent and then along an outside surface of the at least one stent to the distal end thereof and secured in the distal end. Additionally, the Examiner believes that the Babbs reference will perform equally as well as the Applicant's stent graft. Therefore, the rejection maintained.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alvin J Stewart whose telephone number is 703-305-0277. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00AM-5:30PM(1 Friday B-week off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott can be reached on 703-308-2111. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alvin J Stewart Primary Examiner Art Unit 3738

October 15, 2004.